

# THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 26, Vol. 3.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

Porting.

Trip Lightly over Trouble.

Trip lightly over trouble;  
Trip lightly over wrong;  
We only make grief double  
By dwelling on it long.  
Why clasp we a hand so tightly?  
Why sigh o'er blossoms dead?  
Why cling to forms unrightly?  
Why not seek joy instead?

Trip lightly over sorrow;  
Though this day may be dark,  
The sun may shine to-morrow,  
And easily sing the lark;  
Fair hope has not departed,  
Though roses may have fled;  
Then never be down-hearted,  
But look for joy instead.

Trip lightly over sadness;  
Stand not to rail at doom;  
We've pearls to string of gladness,  
On this side of the tomb;  
While stars are nightly shining,  
And heaven is o'erhead,  
Encourage not repining,  
But look for joy instead.

The Singing Bird in the Woods.

O Thrush! upon the beechen bough,  
Shake thy glad wings and sing;  
All things around thy dwelling now  
Bud freshly in the spring.

Through new opened leaves of brightest green  
The fitting sunlight break;  
The terra-leaves o'er the streamlets lean,  
The star primroses wake.

And over all the sunshine flows,  
And over all thy song,  
Sole breaker of the woods' repose,  
Floats as we pass along.

Thou hast no past, no future, bird!  
Sing on in unchecked glee;  
From me shall come no harsher word  
To mar thy minstrelsy.

Sing clear and shrill! 'Tis good to list  
Thy song of jubilee;  
And in this weary world to wist  
That some rejoice like thee.

Some who can dwell in simple trust  
With this day's leaves and flowers,  
Nor taint their beauty with the dust  
Of by-gone hours.

A HOG LAW WANTED.

Every day increases the necessity for a law for the regulation of hogs, and we may add, goats. With the rapid increase of our farming population, the annoyance from hogs running at large is, of course, proportionately augmented. It is at all times, and in all new countries, next to impossible for farmers to protect their crops against the insidious attentions of this animal. An ordinary fence will not turn a full grown hog, and it is hardly possible to build one so as to exclude the young, and thus the farmer's crops are preyed upon by these animals *ad libitum*.

There are now, in several of our rural districts, pigs in considerable numbers, running at large, and in some cases, so far as can be ascertained, without owners altogether. We have recently heard frequent complaints on account of the depredations committed by these animals; and legal redress has in some instances been sought in vain at the hands of our Magistrate. We are not aware whether there is any English law at all applicable to the case; but if there is it has not been made available. In this city a herd of goats have been running at large during the last twelve months; and have this season destroyed property to the amount of several hundred dollars. To fence them out is practically impossible. And, like the pigs, many of them are without owners, or at least their owners, if such exist, will not acknowledge them. The Municipal Council have been applied to, and, although a By-law was introduced more than a year ago bearing upon the subject, it has never been matured, for the reason, we understand, that that body has no jurisdiction; and thus have the people been obliged to submit to the nuisance. The Council should be empowered to deal with the matter of hogs and goats within the city limits, and a law adapted to the state of the country should be at once enacted for the rural districts. Unless something be done to meet the case very shortly the desperate and objectionable expedient of destroying these animals will be resorted to, which will lead to litigation and assaults, if, indeed, it does not eventuate in bloodshed. Will our law makers not see to this matter in time?

EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY OF GOLD IN SUSSEX.  
—A few weeks ago a labourer named William Butcher, in the service of Mr. Adams, of Robert-bridge, who occupies a farm at Mount-field, while ploughing on the farm turned up about eleven pounds weight of gold in a solid state. From its appearance he supposed it to be old brass, and sold it as such for 6d. per pound. It subsequently passed through several hands, until it came into the possession of a man named Stephen Willet, a fly driver in Hastings, who had been a gold-digger in California and recognised the true value of the metal. —*London Dispatch.*

New Advertisements.

**G. TRANFIELD,**  
FISH AND GAME  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Orders from up-river towns invited and carefully attended to.  
A good article guaranteed and charges very moderate.

Water Street, New Westminster,  
March 12th, 1863.

**R. P. MEAD,**  
Sign, Fancy and  
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.  
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Transparencies, Shades and Screens  
PAINTED TO ORDER AND WITH DISPATCH.

Up-country orders solicited.  
Office, on Columbia Street.  
New Westminster, December 8th, 1862.

**MILK.**

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING.  
Herring's Rancho, 2nd July, 1862.

**Wm. Gillett,**  
LINEN & WOOLLEN DRAPER!  
(In the building lately occupied by the Bank of British Columbia.)  
BEGS TO CALL the attention of the public generally to an inspection of his new stock of

Drapery Goods,  
consisting of

FRENCH & ENGLISH SILKS,  
SHAWLS AND MANTLES,  
PRINTS, CALICOES, MUSLINS,

MILLINERY, HOSIERY & GLOVES,  
GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

N. B.—Millinery and Mantles made to order. Wedding orders executed on short notice.

**FAMILY MOURNING.**  
NO CREDIT—CONSEQUENTLY—LOW PRICES.  
New Westminster, Dec. 13th, 1862.

**NOTICE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED having purchased of William H. Woodcock the Stock and Store at New Westminster, wishes to inform the Public that he will keep on hand for sale an assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Spirits, &c.,  
and will furnish them at VICTORIA PRICES and CHARGES.

**W. GRIEVE,**  
Tailor and Clothier,  
Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,  
Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style.

**PIONEER SALOON.**

Mr. J. T. SCOTT  
HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

Wines, Ales and Liquors,  
which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

**Billiard Hall,**  
which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards.

**BONDED WAREHOUSE.**

**HENRY HOLBROOK,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
LIVERPOOL WHARF,  
NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 500 tons Goods  
Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

**New Boot and Shoe Shop**  
MARY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,  
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

**W. WOODMAN.**  
New Westminster Feb. 1861.

New Advertisements.

**R. HANNAH**  
BEGS leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the Public generally, to his new and well selected stock of

Groceries  
AND  
PROVISIONS,

Lamps, Coal Oil, Fruits, &c.,  
all of which he offers

**CHEAP FOR CASH.**  
Columbia street, next door to S. T. Tilley's Book Store.  
New Westminster, Nov. 25th, 1862.

**LUMBER.**  
CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,  
DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.  
New Westminster, Feb. 12th, 1861.

**To Civil Engineers!**

FOR SALE cheap, and to be seen at Hibben & Carwell's Branch Book Store, New Westminster, a set of SURVEYOR'S INSTRUMENTS, consisting of

1 Seven inch THEODOLITE, with 2 Telescopes,  
1 Y. LEVEL, 16 inch Telescope,  
1 CIRCUMFERENTOR, or Compass, with a set of Drawing Instruments and Colors, &c., if desired.

New Westminster, Jan. 26, 1863.

**LILLOOET ROUTE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE  
**PEMBERTON HOUSE,**

FOR THE  
Accommodation of Travellers,

WITH  
BEDS AND LIQUORS,

AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL at greatly reduced rates.

N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.

P. SMITH & CO.  
Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862.

**IMPORTANT TO WILLIAMS CREEK MINERS.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will be prepared to furnish LUMBER of all descriptions suitable for Building, Flooring, Shingling, Bitties, &c., on Williams Creek, and Jack of Clubs Creek, as they are erecting a Water Power Mill that will turn out from ten to fifteen thousand feet of Lumber per day.

He hopes by giving this timely notice that he may secure the trade and greatly benefit those who may favor us with their patronage, as we will be prepared to furnish Lumber at greatly reduced prices, which all must acknowledge will be of great benefit to the business, as well as the Mining community, in a section of country where Lumber has up to the present time been sold at the enormous price of \$250.00 per thousand, owing entirely to the article having to be whip-sawed and labor commanding such high prices. With the use of this Mill we hope to place all parties who wish to purchase Lumber in a position to procure Lumber when most needed. And we hope with the aid of our Mill, together with the Williams Creek Ditch, which will be completed in time to furnish all with water in the Williams Creek and not to the south of the Creek Claims, and the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs Creek and Ground Hog Lake turned over the divide into Williams Creek, will enable hundreds, if not thousands, who from the scarcity of water, without the aid of the above named ditches could not profitably do so, to work their Claims; also the great and beneficial influence which must inevitably accrue to all both Hill and Creek Claims, from the great and costly bed-rock flume, being at present partly constructed, for the purpose of carrying off effectually the tailings that must, with the advancement of mining on the whole Creek and hills on both sides of the Creek, naturally fill up and prove a great annoyance, owing to the scarcity of water, there not being a sufficient quantity most of the season running naturally in Williams Creek to accomplish the great work; but with the assistance of the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs and Ground Hog Lake waters flowing into Williams Creek and the great bed-rock flume to carry everything through it, will not only prove of incalculable benefit to all, but place Williams Creek beyond the rivalry of any other mining locality in the Cariboo country.

EDWARD GRIFFIN,  
JOHN COE,  
Proprietors of Wm. Creek Saw Mill.

**DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co.,  
Dickson, DeWolf, & Co.,  
London, San Francisco,  
m21-3m

Victoria Advertisements.

**THE**  
**Royal Insurance Company.**  
Fire & Life Insurance.  
CAPITAL — Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES, — Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,  
Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,  
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,  
PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,  
and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,  
Victoria, 20th January, 1863.

**J. L. JUNGEMANN,**  
Watchmaker and Jeweller,  
YATES STREET, OPPOSITE LANGLEY,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

Patent Gold and Silver Watches,  
Fully equal to Chronometer Timepieces from the Manufactory of Lange, Dresden, universally acknowledged as the best European make. More than twenty of these Magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in the city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, COMBES, SPECTACLES, OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., Constantly on hand.

**ST. GEORGE HOTEL.**

**VIEW STREET,**  
BETWEEN BROAD & DOUGLAS,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL  
WILL BE OPEN for the reception of the public, at 7 P. M., on SATURDAY EVENING, October 25th.

The Proprietor having engaged the services of a

**SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK,**  
the Culinary department  
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

Breakfast from 7 A. M. to 12 M.  
Table d'Hôte at \$12.  
Board per Week \$12.  
Suites of Rooms or Single Rooms on reasonable terms.

**EX "N. S. PERKINS,"**  
COMPRESSED

Meats and Vegetables,  
Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each.

Expressly for British Columbia Trade.

For sale in quantities to suit, by  
EDGAR & AINE,  
ap24 6m Wharf street, front of Yates.

**W. CULVERWELL,**  
General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts.

**INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,**  
Money Loaned on Good Security,  
ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK,  
Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria.

**W. M. SEARBY & J. MOORE,**  
IMPORTERS OF

Drugs and Chemicals,  
PATENT MEDICINES,  
PAINTS AND OILS.

**WINDOW GLASS, &c.,**  
GOVERNMENT STREET,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

Victoria Advertisements.

**THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.**  
Incorporated by Royal Charter.  
CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.  
IN 12,500 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH.

**WITH POWER TO INCREASE.**

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DISCOUNTS are issued for money lodged for fixed periods bearing the following rates of interest:

On money lodged for 15 days certain, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest payable half yearly, and the Principal not due until the expiry of the period for which the money is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills discounted, and Advances made on Bills or Ladings, (accompanied by Policies of Insurance,) for goods shipped to or from the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and Bills on these places purchased or sent for collection.

Cash on account of Great Britain, San Francisco, and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped from these ports to the Colonies; all such shipments to be insured and hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on withdrawing the same. Interest and Dividends collected on account of constituents at the rate of one-half per cent. on the amount collected, if payable in Victoria.

GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or advances made on the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.  
New Westminster, September 25, 1862.

**STATIONERY**  
Counting House, Official, Printers  
AND FOR GENERAL USES.

Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY, and all the latest improvements in the art of Stationery.

Wrapping Papers,  
Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors.

Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Noting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing.  
Papers and Cloths;  
Sheet and Manuscript

**MUSIC.**  
Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound, and all the latest improvements in the art of Music.

**COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,**  
Mathematical Instruments, Gold Pens

**POCKET GALLERY.**  
Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors.

**BOOKS,**  
School, Standard, Miscellaneous, and all the latest improvements in the art of Bookbinding.

**New Publications**  
Received as issued by first conveyance, no matter how late.

**HIBBEN & CARSWELL,**  
STATIONERS' HALL,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

**LANGLEY BROS.**  
Importing Druggists,  
YATES STREET,  
VICTORIA, V. I.

Drugs and Chemicals,  
Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, and all the latest improvements in the art of Druggery.

Paints and Oils,  
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices.

**G. VIGNOLO & CO.**  
No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street,  
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

**GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,**  
—ALSO—  
Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer.

**SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.**  
Auctioneers and Land Agents,  
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria.



**THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.**  
This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 4d., or 15c. Terms per quarter, 10s., or \$2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or \$4.50, and yearly \$31.10s., or \$7.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.  
Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., Columbia-street.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, 25 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, 50c. per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers, and advertisements in order to secure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.  
All advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.  
All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and no charge.

**The British Columbian.**  
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

## A GOVERNMENT ORGAN.

Some time in the spring of 1860 Mr. Leonard McClure was induced by a promise of Government patronage to bring a small printing plant to this city and undertake the publication of "The New Westminster Times," a weekly paper about the same size as the BRITISH COLUMBIAN. Finding that the Government of this Colony was in very bad odor he deemed it politic to adopt a cautious, milk-and-water course, watching his opportunity all the while, however, to slip in a good word for those from whom he expected to receive his bread and butter, until, gradually becoming more pro-Government in tone, public feeling was aroused, and public support was almost entirely withdrawn from that paper. Acting without his usual discretion the publisher, instead of modifying his tone in order to conciliate the people, took a more open and decided stand in favor of Government, and by the end of the year, or about nine months from the advent of that journal, public indignation ran so high that nothing short of ridding the Colony of the Government organ would satisfy the people. The sequel is known to most of our readers. The plant was purchased by a number of leading citizens and our humble self engaged to publish therewith the BRITISH COLUMBIAN, which has today completed the first quarter of the third volume.

It will be unnecessary to inform our readers that we have, during the two years and a quarter we have occupied the Editorial chair, pursued an independent course, giving due credit to the Government for every act of which we could approve—opportunities for which were, we deeply regret, "like angels' visits, few and far between"—but at the same time fearlessly exposing and censuring everything which we conceived to be prejudicial to the best interests of the Colony and the people.

Up to the close of last year these columns were used as a medium for Government advertising; but none of the Government job printing with which Mr. McClure was favored was ever given to us. Of this, however, we never complained, nor do we do so now; but merely mention the circumstance in order to show the partiality displayed by the Government.

At the close of last year the advertising was withdrawn from us notwithstanding that we had a contract with the Government for one year, eight months of which were unexpired, and for the gross breach of which we could obtain no redress simply because the Government could not be sued. A small affair dignified by the name of "Government Gazette" was published at the military camp at a large expense to the Colony, in erecting buildings, procuring the necessary plant and hiring an Editor, to say nothing of the cost of material and labor, which altogether would probably form an aggregate of \$5,000 for outfit and \$4,000 a year for working expenses; and all this for doing work which was done far more efficiently through the medium of this journal for about \$1,000 a year; for we fancy no sensible man, whether an independent man or a Government toady, will go so far as to compare the Gazette with the BRITISH COLUMBIAN as an advertising medium.

Thus it will be seen that the Government violated a contract in order to deprive us of the Colonial advertising, thereby making a large additional charge upon the revenue without getting any real value in return, simply and solely because we would not give them our support—because we claimed and exercised the right, as an independent journalist, to censure what we believed to be wrong in the administration of the affairs of this Colony.

But, not content with this, there has just been issued from the Lands & Works department a circular stating that a yearly subscription of \$5 will be charged for the Gazette after this month, and offering the free insertion of an advertisement to every yearly subscriber for two or more copies! A most silly and futile attempt is thus made to force the circulation of the Gazette at the expense of the public; and the extraordinary and most undignified expedient is resorted to of offering to do gratuitously that by which the honest, legitimate journalist earns his bread. If there were not a newspaper in the place it would even then be a most extraordinary and questionable procedure; but who ever heard of such a thing as a Government of a new Colony using Government material and turning Her Majesty's soldiers into printers for the express purpose of opposing local enterprise and interfering with legitimate journalism?

People will naturally ask, in wonderment, what next? We will tell you what is to be the next move on the Government chess-board, that is, if we can credit the whispers that have reached us from various well informed circles. This Government Gazette is gradually to assume the shape of a Government organ to be employed in puffing and defending the acts of a Government that is execrated by the people and forsaken of Heaven. So unpopular is the Government that no sane man could be induced to attempt the publication of a paper friendly to it; and so, in order to meet this difficulty, an Editor is hired, soldiers are transmogrified into printers, and a Government organ is to be published in defiance of public opinion, and that very public, too, is to be made to pay the piper!!

It may seem incredible to some that the Government of a British Colony could be capable of such conduct. But what has already been done is a very fair guarantee for what they would do. There are not wanting in the brief history of this Colony evidences of the unscrupulous character of our Government—of their total indifference to the wishes and welfare of the people—of their willingness to aggrandize self at the expense of every manly and honorable feeling and principle, and at the sacrifice of the interests of the Colony at large.

It may be wicked, but we could almost wish to see this organ scheme developed. Not that we would wish to come in professional contact with the ill-begotten, illegitimate offspring of a corrupt, purile and asinine Government; but because it would be a sort of melancholy gratification to see them—like a pig when it assays to swim—cut their own throat—because they could not possibly adopt a more effectual course to cover their last hours—for thank Heaven their days are numbered—with ignominy and scorn.

We shall closely watch the progress of this thing, and will not fail to keep the public advised of it. Let them come on if they dare! They will find it up hill work to defend a Government which has so grossly violated every right of the subject and outraged every feeling of honorable independence as to merit, as they assuredly enjoy, the contempt and execration of every independent man, eye, and woman too, in this Colony.

H. M. GUNBOAT "GRAPPLER" arrived here on Monday, and, taking Capt. Cooper, Harbormaster, on board, went down to place some buoys at the mouth.

## New Advertisements.

## THE YALE SPRING MEETING!

This Annual Meeting will take place on the 25th Instant.

## FIRST RACE.

## THE YALE TOWN PLATE OF

\$100, Entrance Added.

Open to Horses of all Denominations.

Distance—400 yards "Heats," Catch Weights;

Second Horse to save his Stakes.

ENTRANCE, \$10.

## SECOND RACE.

## THE DOUGLAS STREET STAKES OF

\$50, ENTRANCE ADDED.

Open to Horses of all Denominations.

DISTANCE—400 yards, "Heats," Catch Weights;

Second Horse to save his Stakes.

ENTRANCE, \$5.

The Winner of the Town Plate cannot start for this Race.

## THIRD RACE.

## THE CONSOLATION SCRAMBLE

OF \$30.

For Horses Beaten in the two former Races.

DISTANCE—400 yards "Heats," Catch Weights.

ENTRANCE, FREE.

## JUDGE,

E. H. SANDERS, ESQ.

## STEWARDS,

LIEUT. PALMER, R. E.,

MR. B. BAILY,

MR. R. GILCHRIST,

MR. J. FURRY.

## STARTER,

MR. MYER OPPENHEIMER.

## CLERK OF THE COURSE,

MR. H. T. COMMELINE.

Horses must be entered and Colors declared before 10 o'clock on the morning of the 25th Instant.

Races to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.

(Signed) CHAS. J. DUCORRON,

Secretary.

## New Advertisements.

## ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

Government Street,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND

N. C. MATTHIESSEN,  
P. MATTHIESSEN,  
H. VALENTINER, PROPRIETORS.

THIS CAPACIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a FIRST CLASS HOUSE, the rooms being well lighted, warmed and ventilated, and tastefully furnished. There is a large

## PUBLIC RESTAURANT

connected with the Hotel, and a Ladies' Ordinary. It also contains Private Parlors, Suites of Rooms for parties, &c.

## The Culinary Department

is under the management of a First Class Cook, and the Bakery is provided with one of the celebrated HAM-BURG OVENS, which turns out bread unsurpassed by any in the world. Families supplied with bread at the counter of the Restaurant. ap8-1c

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSES!

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster.

## G. R. ASHWELL,

IMPORTER & GENERAL DEALER IN

## FURNITURE, BEDDING &amp; C.

Having made arrangements for the importation of goods in bulk, Direct from SAN FRANCISCO, is prepared to supply the market at Victoria, British Columbia, duty only added. Would call the attention of the people of the interior to the fact that he will keep constantly on hand goods suitable for the trade, in the original packages, so as to save freight and tonnage dues.

Orders from Up-country are invited, and will receive prompt attention.

New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4

## CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,

Columbia Street, New Westminster,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

## British and American

## Hardware and Cutlery,

## Agricultural Implements,

## Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Paints,

## Oils and Window Glass.

New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4-1c

## CITY BAKERY

## COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Fies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SOREL,

New Westminster, March 3, 1863. ma4

## NEW MAPS.

JUST PUBLISHED and FOR SALE at Clarkson & Co's Book Store, Maps of NORTH BENTINCK ARM, and the GOLD REGIONS of BRITISH COLUMBIA; by Lieut. H. S. Palmer, R. E.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25-1c

## HARDIE'S HOTEL.

New Westminster, B. C.

H. V. EDMONDS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE offers accommodation equal to any in the Colony, at extremely moderate prices.

ALES, WINES, SPIRITS AND CIGARS

of the best brands Constantly on hand.

Square Meals, 50 cents,

Board per week, 6 dollars,

Board and lodging per week, 8 "

MATRESSES provided FREE.

January 30th, 1863. ja31-1c

## British Columbia

## STAGE COMPANY.

(LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between

Douglas and Lillooet,

Leaving each Town every morning.

FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggon.

For further information, apply to STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,

Victoria.

HENRY HOLBROOK,

New Westminster,

and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet

## New Advertisements.

## CLARKSON &amp; CO.,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

ARE IMPORTING direct from England and Eastern Markets,

English and American Novels,

Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,

a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles,

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color, Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Tack Memoranda, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue,

Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens,

Sealingwax, of all colors,

Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutinas, Clarinets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

New Westminster, March 19, 1863. ma21

## THE COLONIAL HOTEL

—AND—

## RESTAURANT.

FRONT STREET,

FORT YALE, B. C.

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, having been newly fitted up at a great expense, is ready for the reception of the public.

The BAR will contain the choicest Liquors, while the TABLE will be constantly supplied with the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.

N. B.—Good, clean Sleeping Apartments connected with the Hotel.

L. DAVISON,

Fort Yale, B. C., March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

## W. J. ARMSTRONG,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores.

Would call the particular attention of Up-river Merchants, Steamboat Owners and others to his Stock, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds Just received and for sale.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

New Westminster, March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

## SMITH &amp; MURRAY

BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

—OF—

FAMILY GROCERIES

which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.

SMITH & MURRAY,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

E. STEVENSON, M. D.,

Licentiate Canada,

HAVING arrived via Overland Route, begs to acquaint the Inhabitants of New Westminster that he has established himself for practice in their City. Office, in the building lately occupied by Barnard's Express.

New Westminster, Oct. 29, 1862. nol

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER

## New Advertisements.

## LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETORS call the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened to the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 50 miles where good water can be obtained, and, being 20 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Travellers are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provisions, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the ground.

The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House.

McMURPHY & GRANT.

Lochlomond, British Columbia, March, 1863. 1c

## EXPRESS.

## DIETZ &amp; NELSON'S

British Columbia & Victoria Express,

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells Fargo & Co.,

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, ATLANTIC STATES & EUROPE;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

FOR

Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

CONVEYING Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels;

PURCHASING of Drafts and Bills of Exchange from Wells Fargo & Co., and other Banking Houses;

COLLECTING Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debts, &c.;

EXECUTING Commissions, Orders, Enquiries;

FORWARDING of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c.;

ATTENDING to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds, and other Documents, the Assaying of Gold Dust, Silver and other Ores;

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchasing of Goods at New Westminster, B. C., and Victoria, V. I., on the most favorable terms, and shipping to destination;

LANDING WARRANTS Prepared and Goods passed through the Custom House without delay.

New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14-1c

## DOUGLAS PORTAGE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BUILT A LARGE and commodious house,

"THE STANISLAUS HOUSE,"

NEAR THE

24 Mile Post, on the Douglas Portage



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POSTAL MATTERS.

Now, this trouble, irregularity and delay can be avoided simply by our Government giving a little business-like attention, if, indeed, they are capable of such a thing, to the matter. The Postmasters General of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are doubtless waiting with surprise for some action from this Colony—some sort of proposal for an arrangement by which an account current for postages can be kept, and by which, mail bags being provided at the joint expense of the Colonies interested, our mail matter may come and go in distinct bags, thus avoiding the trouble and delay arising out of the present state of matters at Victoria, San Francisco and New York. Our mails from Canada, for instance, could be made up in a separate bag at the Suspension Bridge, and would pass through the various offices unopened, and thus the avoidance of irregularity and delay would be attained. The mails for Vancouver Island could be sent in a separate bag also, and then there would be no

The steamer *Otter* arrived here last evening, bringing *Victoria* exchanges containing news to the 2nd inst., from which we condense the following:—Some important movements had taken place on the Rappahannock. The Federals crossed at Kelly's Ford by means of pontoon bridges. The loss in crossing was 3 officers and 40 men killed and wounded. The enemy formed a line of battle, and planting batteries upon the heights within reach, fired a few shots. The Federals drove them off, killing and wounding many and capturing 500 to 600 prisoners, many of whom are said to have given themselves voluntarily up. Five thousand Federals crossed the Chamberland below Summerset. They had several fights with the enemy at Monticello, which place they captured. Loss on either side not given. Col. Campbell made a dash on a rebel camp on the morning of the 1st, surprising them and killing 14 and wounding 30; also capturing 3 colonels, 40 prisoners and a number of horses. Three corps had crossed the Rappahannock and were marching on Fredericksburg, six other corps were in readiness to march on the enemy. It was believed the enemy would evacuate Fredericksburg and fall back on Richmond. The Federals had captured the Mayhew and Mobile Railroads, 13 miles from Cambridge, Miss., causing much excitement. Much excitement was caused by the intelligence that Mulligan had attacked a small force under the rebel leader Jones, and was getting the better of him when the enemy was reinforced by a large force under Imboden, by the Evansville pike, and by Herrman by Indian creek, so that Mulligan and his little force was nearly surrounded and had to retire. General Hooker, with 50,000 men, had a battle with the rebels beyond the Rappahannock. We have no particulars, but the Union troops were victorious. It was estimated that the second attack on Charleston would be made on the 3d May, when the spring tides occur. The troops were suffering from warm weather. The advance guard of Mar-

✶ The correspondent of the *N. Y. Herald* describing the battle of Fair Oaks, which commenced May 3rd, and continued next day, says: "There was the Irish Brigade in all the glory of a fair free fight. Other men go into fight bravely, sternly or indifferently; but the other men who really loves it, after all, is the 'green immortal' Irishman. So there the brave lads from the old sod, with the chosen Meagher at their head, laughed and fought and joked as it were the finest fun in the world. We saw one sitting on the edge of a ditch, with his feet in the water, and the sun and the water hot too, and he apparently wounded. As we rode by he called out to know if we 'had ever seen a boiled Irishman.'"

 The latest **Ladies' Fashions** from **Paris** on hand, an inspection of which is respectfully invited.

Proprietor

prepared to supply  
of all sorts, in season,  
S. W. HERRING.

862.



THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN  
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,  
and sent by Express  
To Every part of the Colony,  
as well as to  
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon  
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and  
**BOOK AND JOB PRINTING**  
of every description executed in a prompt and work-  
man-like manner.

The British Columbian.  
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

(From the "Evening Express.")  
The telegraph summary of news from the  
various stations of the Federal army, which we  
gave in our yesterday's impression, would be  
neither lucid nor interesting to most of our  
English and Canadian readers. It is a labyrinth  
through which none but close students of mili-  
tary tactics, well posted in the local geography  
of the seat of war, can find their way. The re-  
sult, however, is clear enough, that whatever  
chequered success the troops may have had dur-  
ing the last month, in skirmishes with the enemy,  
the North have not yet been able to strike any  
fatal blow at Southern independence. The great  
naval demonstration against Charleston, after the  
utmost expenditure of time and treasure in its  
preparation, is not only an admitted failure, but  
the whole expedition must be reorganized. The  
armament of the iron-clads is to be reconstructed.  
Dalghren rifled guns are to give way to  
heavy smooth-boreds; and the renewal of hostilities  
is indefinitely postponed. On the other hand,  
the Confederate reports of the damage to  
Fort Sumter, and other casualties, are of a most  
trifling nature; and their authorities remain on  
the alert, expecting a return of the gunboats.  
An enemy who neither give way to despondency  
if defeated, nor slacken their vigilance after suc-  
cess, are not easily overcome. The Union party  
must make stupendous efforts, and more heroic  
sacrifices than they have hitherto, before they  
can plant their flag in the heart of Secession. The  
Federal Government, as usual in their official  
despatches, describe the result of the expedition  
as they wish it to appear; but the instincts of  
the American people cannot be blinded by tech-  
nicities and official assurances. The cry, "we're  
off to Charleston," has ended in gloom and dis-  
couragement, as the first cry of "on to Rich-  
mond," died out at Bull Run, and the second  
ended in McClellan's defeat, and the loss of 60,  
000 men. This continual tale of failure and dis-  
aster will not tend to excite enthusiasm in the  
ranks of either army or navy. It may be pre-  
dicted that the second advance on Charleston  
will not be undertaken with the same spirit as  
the first. The same error has been repeated by  
the North from the onset—they have undervalued  
their enemy's courage and endurance, and boasted  
of successes before they were earned. It is a  
more serious business altogether than the Gov-  
ernment have been willing to allow,—no delusions  
will be possible much longer. That part of the  
population who furnish the recruits for both  
branches of the service must see that the con-  
quest of the south is impossible. They no longer  
 enlist freely for the ranks, and conscription is  
 shortly to begin its hateful work. New York  
 State has to find its quota of 100,000 men—mar-  
 ried men under thirty-five are liable to be taken  
 from their families. Embarkation for Europe  
 for those who are liable to be drafted is forbid-  
 den, except the traveller can give bonds for  
 three hundred dollars, in case his name should  
 be drawn in his absence. That part of the peo-  
 ple who fight by deputy will begin, perhaps, to  
 recognise something of the difficulty of conquest  
 when they are forced to pay the bill the war  
 has already run up, and to calculate what another  
 summer of such conquests by land and sea cost.  
 Men begin to recover from the intoxication of  
 the revel when they arrive at the sobering mo-  
 ment of the reckoning; and it is well for man-  
 kind that the passion for conquest is soon to be  
 checked at some point by its cost both in blood  
 and gold.

A period arrives when national pride must  
 yield, and make the best terms; and a way is  
 sure to be found by which the national honour  
 can be reconciled with peace. It matters little  
 how the conviction of the impossibility of an en-  
 terprise is arrived at, provided it is abandoned  
 with as good a grace as may be. It would have  
 been better that the madness of an hopeless con-  
 test had been recognized at the outset, but this  
 appears to be a prescience beyond humanity.  
 This summer must be the last of the war, for the  
 time is arriving when either absolute success or  
 a compromise of some sort will be an imperative  
 necessity. The chances of the first are not so  
 bright as they were two years ago, and the worst  
 settlement of the dispute cannot be so fatal as  
 the prolongation of the war.

This was the conclusion forced upon the British  
 Government, at a period of our history which  
 is familiar to every American school boy. The  
 North might now add its experience to the les-  
 son of the school books, with infinite advantage  
 to itself and the rising generation. The Ameri-  
 can colonists were "rebels" in the belief of Eng-  
 land, as the Southern citizens are "rebels" to the  
 Government of Washington. We thought our  
 national interest, and our national pride were  
 involved in suppressing the revolt by arms. We  
 were as stiff-necked a people as the Americans  
 themselves, and ruled by the most obstinate  
 of Kings. We kept up the war for years, and we  
 are still paying for the blindness of our fathers;  
 yet England had to yield all, to acknowledge  
 the independence of America, and to let the En-  
 glish Crown sustain the loss of its "brightest  
 jewel." To our surprise, we found that the jewel  
 was not so much missed—that, as for our mutual  
 interests, they were rather improved by the  
 change—that we made more profit out of good  
 friends than out of disaffected subjects. We  
 now look back to the issue of the conflict with  
 satisfaction—our shame only extends to the cause  
 and protraction of the quarrel. But England had  
 then, unlike America now, a few wise and mod-  
 erate men, who saw the impossibility of conquer-

# THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

ing the rebellious colonies, and courageously op-  
 posed the popular clamour, foreseeing the inevit-  
 able end. Lord Chatham called on the House  
 of Lords "to instruct the Tansor in the lan-  
 guage of truth," to which a republican people might  
 now listen with advantage. It was at one of the  
 worst periods of the war—our Hallecks, Mc-  
 Clellans and Burnside had failed. "The army,"  
 said Chatham, "can achieve anything but impos-  
 sibilities, and I know that the conquest of British  
 America is an impossibility. You cannot, cannot  
 conquer America! What is your present  
 situation there? We do not know the worst;  
 but we do know that in three campaigns we have  
 suffered much, and done nothing." Words that  
 exactly describe the condition of the North at  
 the present moment. Our King, Government  
 and people had to yield to the inexorable force of  
 circumstances. The King exclaimed, with tears,  
 "my heart is rent in twain!" and yet his great-  
 grandson stood, in after years, without regret or  
 shame, at Washington's tomb. Similar circum-  
 stances say most distinctly to the North, "you  
 cannot conquer the South;" and the Americans  
 will have to obey the stern monitor, as we did  
 before them. The loyal hearts will bleed, like  
 poor old George's; but their descendants may  
 look cheerfully upon events which divided the  
 American Empire into two great republican na-  
 tions.

New Advertisements.  
**A RARE INVESTMENT!**  
**A First Class Hotel,**  
Completely furnished, together with the  
**GOOD WILL**  
—OF THE—  
**BEST BUSINESS IN THE COLONY,**  
For Sale in the thriving Town of  
**LILLOOET.**  
Terms—Half cash, and the balance in Six Months  
from date of purchase.  
For further particulars apply at this office, or to J.  
Herkimer, proprietor, on the premises. fe25 1c.  
Lillooet, Feb. 5th, 1863.

**NOTICE.**  
WHEREAS my wife, Martha Smith, has left me  
without any just cause or provocation, I hereby  
notify all persons that I will not be responsible for, or  
pay, any debts contracted by her after this date.  
WILLIAM SMITH.  
Port Pemberton, B. C., April 13th, 1863. my23m

**Coal Oil and Camphene,**  
AND AN ASSORTMENT OF  
**COAL OIL LAMPS!**  
FOR SALE BY  
M. J. BLACKMAN.

**LOUIS HAUTIER'S**  
**XOTEL.**  
—AND—  
**BILLIARD SALOON,**  
Lytton City, B. C.  
THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock  
of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly  
on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the  
colony. The charges are moderate.  
Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at  
low prices.  
Lytton City, November 10, 1862. no12

**SELLING OFF**  
**VICTORIA COST PRICES**

**C. NELSON,**  
CORNER LIVERPOOL WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER,  
British Columbia.  
Having occasion to retire from business for a short  
period, has determined to sell off his present stock of

**Dry Goods**  
AND  
**CLOTHING,**  
**Boots & Shoes,**  
**Hats & Caps,**  
**Groceries**  
AND  
**Provisions,**  
**Hardware,**  
**&c., &c.,**

at Victoria Cost Prices, for Cash. Those who desire  
great bargains would do well to give his stock an early  
inspection.  
All outstanding accounts must be settled im-  
mediately.  
New Westminster, Feb. 24th, 1863. fe25 2m

New Advertisements.  
**PRINTING**  
—FOR THE—  
**MILLION!**  
—000—  
Posters,  
Circulars,  
Bill-Heads,  
Business Cards,  
Steamboat Tickets,  
Programmes,  
Way-Bills,  
Pamphlets,  
Labels,  
—AND—  
Printed Forms  
of every description, executed in a manner  
That will Defy Competition!  
—000—  
Every Business Man should use printed Bill-  
heads, as they not only save time, but look  
more business-like, and serve as an advertise-  
ment.  
Every Keeper of Public House should have  
printed Cards for distribution amongst the  
Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to  
exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.  
Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader,  
Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business  
in this Colony, should get his Printing done  
in the office of the

**'BRITISH COLUMBIAN,'**  
**LYTTON SQUARE,**  
**NEW WESTMINSTER,**  
WHERE ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED  
—000—  
THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform  
Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as  
well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may con-  
cern, that having recently made extensive additions to  
**THE PRINTING PLANT**  
of the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, he is now  
prepared to execute with promptitude every description  
of  
**PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL**  
**JOB PRINTING**  
in a style and at prices which will compare favorably  
with any office upon the Pacific coast.  
Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive  
careful and prompt attention.  
JOHN ROBSON.  
New Westminster, B. C., April, 1862.

**MACONDALE'S**  
**UNION HOTEL.**  
THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished  
in good style the above House, and hopes by strict  
attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to  
merit a share of the travelling community.  
**Private Rooms**  
fitted up with all the  
**LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.**  
Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862. 1c

**BONDED WAREHOUSE.**  
500 Tons Storage.  
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in  
Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declar-  
ed by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on  
and after this date.  
Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who  
wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are no-  
tified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick  
Warehouse.  
HARRIS & CO.  
New Westminster, October 28, 1861. at 6m.

**M. J. BLACKMAN,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
**Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,**  
AND DEALER IN  
**Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery,**  
and **Glassware.**  
JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch.  
LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and  
at reasonable prices.  
New Westminster, April 28, 1862. as at ap30 1c

**BOSTON BAR**  
**HOTEL,**  
**BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.**  
THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will  
give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them  
with their patronage. A stock of the choicest  
**Liquors and Cigars**  
constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies,  
etc. Prices very low.  
JOLIEUR & CO.  
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

**JUST RECEIVED,**  
AT THE  
**GOVERNMENT BAKERY,**  
AND  
**FAMILY GROCERY.**  
1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.  
400 " Crescent City "  
400 " Pioneer "  
600 " National "  
50 " Pacific "  
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)  
25 boxes Candies.  
25 cases Lard.  
10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,  
with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries  
on sale at  
**Unprecedentedly Low Prices.**  
Wholesale or Retail by  
PHILIP HICK.  
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862.

**BASE AND HEALTH TO THE SICK**  
**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.**  
—000—  
Universal approbation has been awarded to this  
famous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of  
the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scale heads, and all  
eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and maturer years,  
no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as  
Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always  
be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which  
the majority of children are liable. In all head and  
tooth rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and  
cures. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in  
foreign lands, it is invaluable.  
SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.  
In this class of maladies, an improvement in the ap-  
pearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first  
dressing with the Ointment.  
It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore,  
but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the  
diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to  
the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the  
bone, and will exercise the most wholesome, healing,  
and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thor-  
ough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increas-  
ed by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment  
is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be  
cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young  
and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be  
washed away.  
BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.  
Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from  
which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and heal-  
ing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts  
most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the  
brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment has  
a marvellous effect in preventing fits and convulsions,  
so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should  
be used according to the directions.  
RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.  
Every one suffering from these painful affections  
should use this purifying Ointment, as it has rescued  
thousands from a life of torture, after every other means  
had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well  
rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has  
been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried.  
The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer  
helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.  
GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, HUMPS, SORE THROAT,  
AND DIPHTHERIA.  
To combat these diseases, with success, a remedy is  
required which will have the whole absorbent system  
under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Oint-  
ment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the  
glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which  
may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment  
acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the  
glands pass all the matter required for the body's re-  
paration; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment  
and Pills used conjointly will act so searchingly, and  
certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.  
FISTULAS AND PILES.  
All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts  
may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the  
thorough use of this cooling and healing Ointment, rubbed  
twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Imme-  
diate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is  
necessary to effect a permanent cure.  
ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.  
In these complaints the Ointment should be well  
rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoul-  
ders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to  
renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate  
the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of  
air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a perma-  
nent cure.  
Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following  
cases:—  
Bad Legs, Chapped Hands, Scalds,  
Bad Breasts, Contracted and Sore Nipples,  
Burns, Stiff Joints, Sore-throats,  
Bunions, Elephantiasis, Skin-diseases,  
Bite of Mosquitoes, Fistulas, Scurvy,  
and Sand-Flies, Gout, Sore-heads,  
Coco-bay, Glandular Swellings, Tumors,  
Chigoe-foot, Ulcers, Wounds,  
Corns (soft), Lumbago, Yaws,  
Cancers, Piles, Rheumatism.

New Advertisements.  
**EVERY PERSON SHOULD KNOW**  
THAT THE  
**Shortest, Best and Cheapest**  
**ROUTE**  
TO THE  
**CARIBOO MINES**  
IS VIA THE  
**YALE AND LYTTON**  
**WAGON ROAD.**  
The chained distances on the Yale and Lytton Road are  
as follows:  
From Yale to Boston Bar, 25 Miles,  
Boston Bar to Lytton, 32 "  
Lytton to McLean's, 47 "  
McLean's to Junction of Wagon Roads, 19 "  
Distance from Yale to Junction, 124 "  
**COMPARE THE ABOVE**  
with the following distances set down by Lillooet  
Shippers:  
From Douglas to Lillooet, 110 Miles,  
Lillooet to Junction, 47 "  
Dist. from Douglas to Junction, 157 "  
**THE JUNCTION**  
is the point at which the Wagon Roads intersect each  
other, and where the Cariboo-bound traveller by the  
Yale-Lytton and Douglas-Lillooet routes MUST meet.  
It will, therefore, be seen by the above figures that the  
traveller by YALE and LYTTON has  
**THIRTY-THREE MILES LESS TRAVEL**  
than if he went by the Douglas-Lillooet route.

Remember that on this Route there  
are NO PORTAGES where Goods or An-  
imals may be detained.  
Messrs. DUBIG, LANE, BLACK, and other Carriers  
of Merchandise, advertise to  
**Carry Freight from Yale to Lytton**  
**\$20 per Ton Less**  
than is or will be charged on the Douglas-Lillooet route.  
**The New and Splendid Steamer**  
**RELIANCE!**  
CONNECTS WITH THE VICTORIA STEAMERS  
**ENTERPRISE,**  
and conveys her Freight, and Passengers, to Yale at  
greatly reduced rates.  
**SHIPPERS**  
desiring of getting Freight through to Cariboo, this  
season are advised to  
**Shun the Douglas-Lillooet Route!!**  
and are referred to the testimony adduced in the  
CHARTER CASE, wherein witnesses have stood upon  
oath that 15, 20, or even 30 days, is a REASON-  
ABLE TIME to convey Freight from Douglas to Lillooet.

**Five Days Only are required to**  
**Carry Goods from Yale to Lytton,**  
and  
**SHIPPERS ARE ASSURED**  
that if Freight is carried from Douglas to Lillooet for  
Two Cents per lb., the same can be carried  
**Freight from Yale to Lytton**  
WITH SAFETY AND DESPATCH, FOR  
**One Cent Per Pound!!!**

All those who allow themselves to be crammed by  
Douglasites this year need expect no sympathy from  
the public if they get broke trying to get goods through  
that route.  
Remember the Cranford affair; and steer clear  
of extortion and delays.  
Travel the Yale and Lytton Wagon Road to  
the Cariboo Mines.  
New and Commodious Hotels have been erect-  
ed at convenient distances along the entire length of  
the route, where First-Class Accommodations for both  
man and beast are bestowed at MODERATE RATES.  
For CHAPMANS, DESPATCH, EASE and SECURITY  
choose the YALE and LYTTON ROUTE in preference  
to all others in British Columbia. ma7

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by John  
Robson, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the  
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